

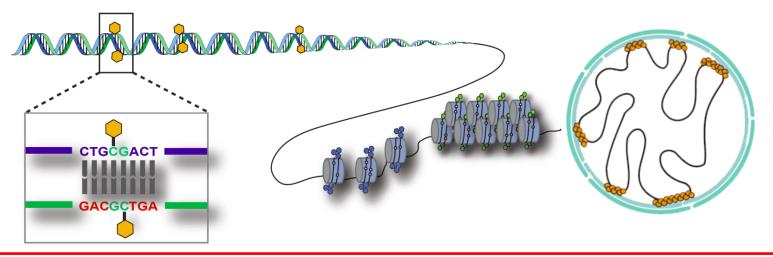
# Measuring DNA Methylation with the MinION

Winston Timp Department of Biomedical Engineering Johns Hopkins University

NANOPORE

## **Epigenetics: Modern**



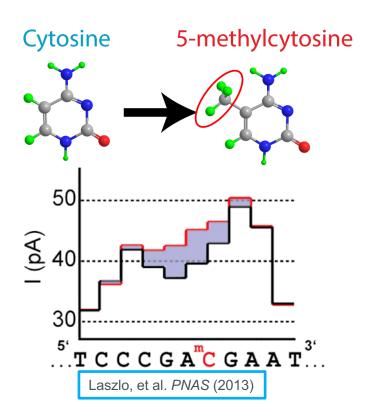


- Modern Definition of epigenetics involves heritable changes other than genetic sequence, e.g., positive feedback, high order structure, chromatin organization, histone modifications, DNA methylation.
- An analogy to a computer system:
  - DNA Sequence = Hardware
  - User input = Environment
  - Systems Biology = Running programs
  - Epigenetics = RAM

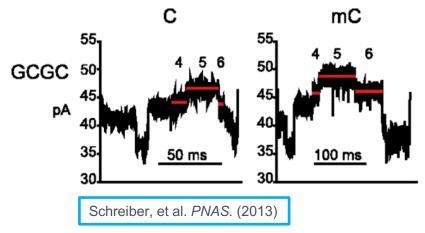


## **Nanopore: Methylation**





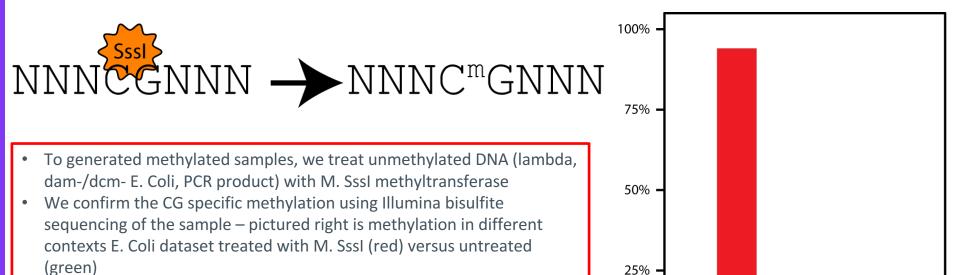
- Differences between methylated and unmethylated cytosine have been detected using nanopores.
- Methylation state can be called with 90% accuracy.
- We have writted a methylation detector for Oxford Nanopore for 5-methylcytosine.





### **Generation of methylated Samples**





CGs

CHG

CHH

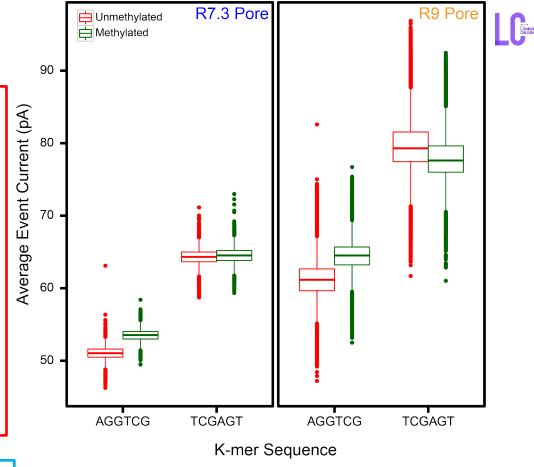
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0%

## **Emission Probabilities**

- We measured distributions of current for k-mers from *E. Coli* M.SssI treated (methylated; green) and untreated (unmethylated; red) samples on both R7.3 and R9 flowcells.
- Boxplots of AGGTCG and TCGAGT kmers which both contain CGs show significant differences in current in some cases (AGGTCG R7.3) and little to none in others (TCGAGT R7.3)
- R9 current distribution seem wider in both cases, but gives better discrimination in TCGAGT.



Simpson, Workman, Nature Methods (2017)

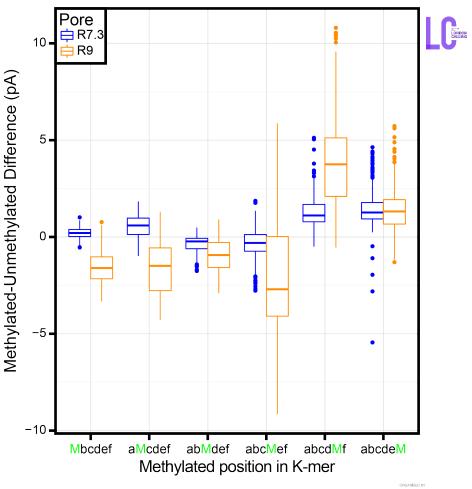
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## **Distance of methylation effect**

- We looked at the difference in current levels dependent on the position of the methylated base plotted are the current differences for R7.3(blue) and R9 pores(orange).
- Signal seems again stronger but more variable for R9 pores than R7.3
- Methylation can either reduce current or increase it.
- Some positions are more sensitive to methylation than others.



Simpson, Workman, Nature Methods (2017)



## Nanopore: nanopolish methyltrain

8

75

2

80

55

20

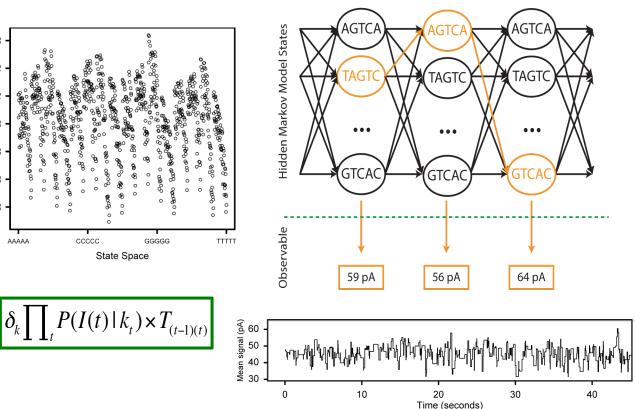
Current (pA)



- Multiple bases influence the current passing through the pore.
- Current basecallers use a neuralnetwork based methodology to call bases.
- We currently use a HMM based classifier to call methylation
- With *nanopolish* we can call the probability:

 $\frac{P(\mathcal{D}|S_m)}{P(\mathcal{D}|S_r)}$ 

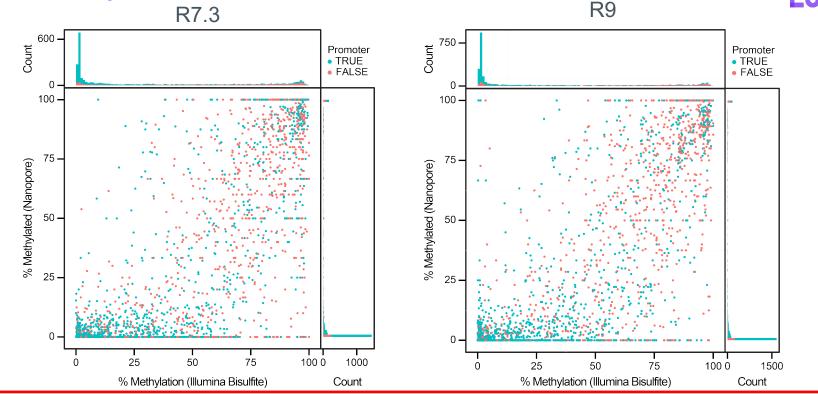
- Where S<sub>m</sub> is the probability methylated for a given observable D and S<sub>r</sub> the probability unmethylated
- We then take the log of this likelihood ratio.





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## NA12878 Methylation

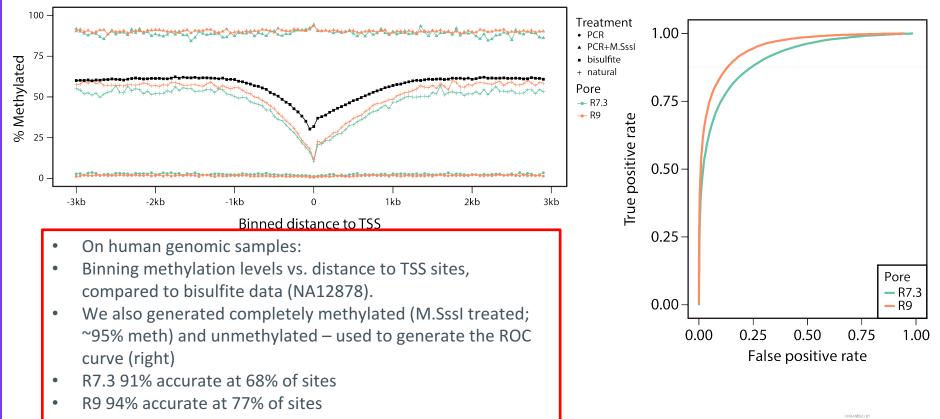


- NA12878 (lymphoblast) gDNA: Illumina WGBS on X-axis (24X coverage) (SRA: GSM1002650) vs. R7.3 (0.02X) or R9 (0.13X) nanopore sequencing.
- Gonnelation of Q.83 (R7.3) and 0.84 (R9) most gene promoters unmethylated logies. All rights reserved. The MinION is for research use only.

Workman, Nature Methods (2017) Simpson, V

### **Binned Methylation vs. Transcription Start Sites**





## **Cancer-Normal Comparison**

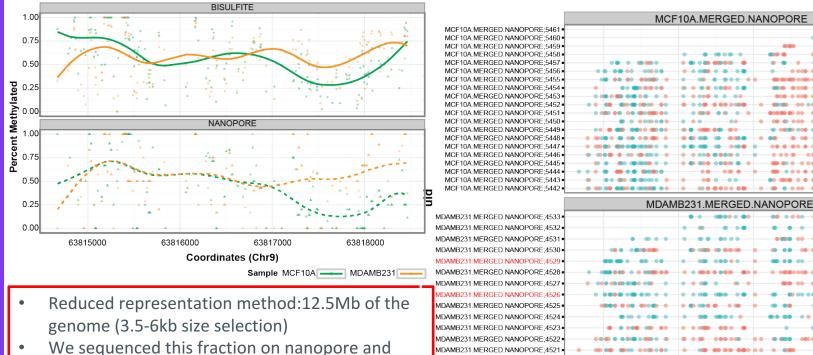


. . . . .

Is Methylated

FALSE

TRUE



MDAMB231 MERGED NANOPORE 4520

MDAMB231.MERGED.NANOPORE:4519

63815000

- bisulfite Illumina seq
- Long reads measure *phased* methylation

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Coordinates (Chr9)

63817000



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63818000

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63816000

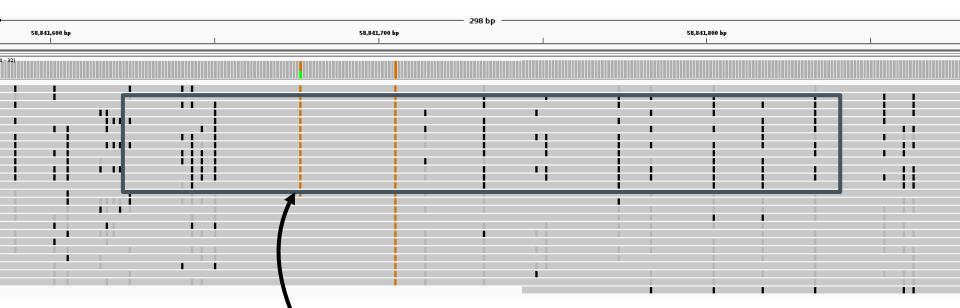
## Haplotype-Phased Methylation

#### nanopolish has experimental support for phasing methylation patterns

| - 298 bp      |   |               |         |                   |      |
|---------------|---|---------------|---------|-------------------|------|
| 58,841,600 bp | 1 | 58,841,700 bp | r<br>   | 58,841,800 bp<br> | 1    |
| [0 - 32]      |   |               |         |                   |      |
|               |   |               |         |                   |      |
| i ., "P       |   |               |         |                   |      |
|               |   |               | - 1 - 1 |                   | 1 11 |
|               |   |               |         |                   | 1 I  |
|               |   |               |         |                   |      |
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|               |   |               |         |                   |      |

## Haplotype-Phased Methylation

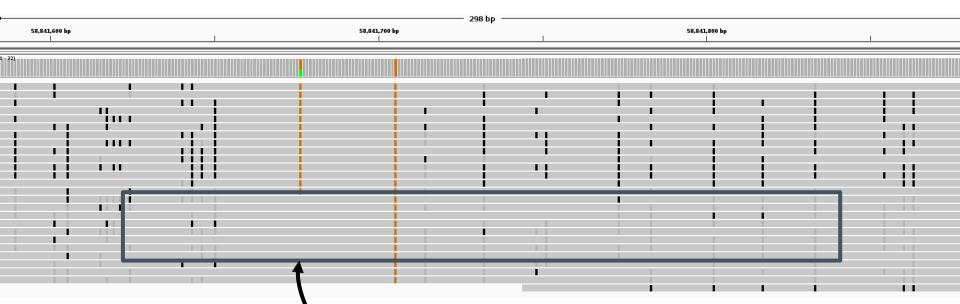
#### Nanopolish has experimental support for phasing methylation patterns. (From NA12878 data)



Highly methylated Allele

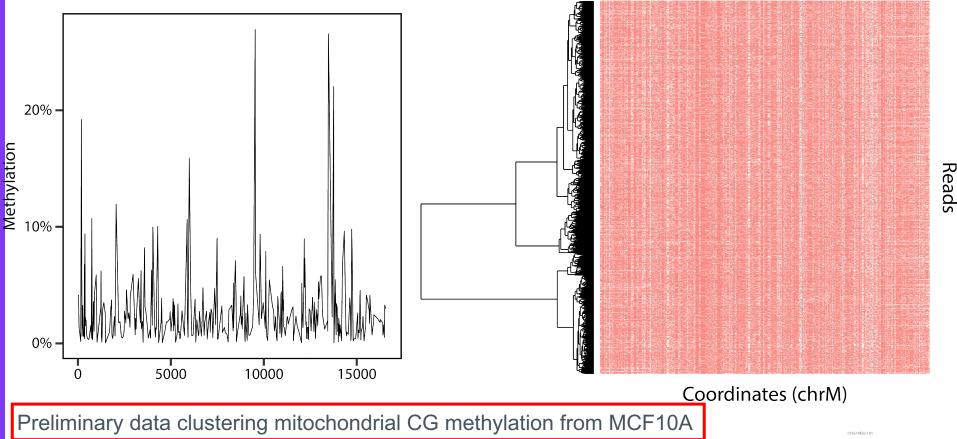
## Haplotype-Phased Methylation

#### Nanopolish has experimental support for phasing methylation patterns. (From NA12878 data)



Less methylated Allele

## **Mitochondrial methylation/clustering**

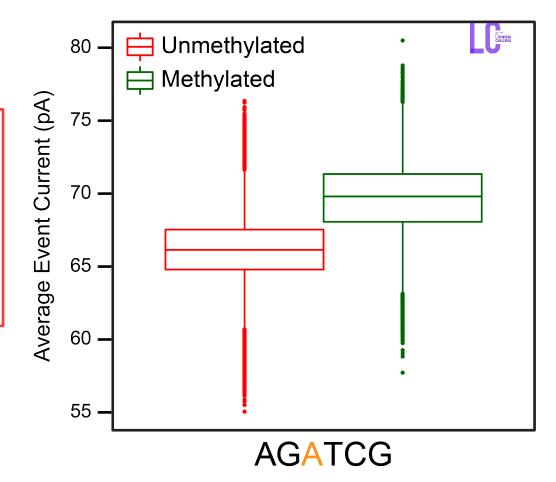




21-7 LONDON CALLING

## **Future Work**

- Expand to non-CpG methylation
- Expand to non 5-methylcytosine methylation
  - Strong signal for N6methyladenine
- Apply to clinical samples
- Exogenous labeling of DNA and readout





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