

Detecting mRNA modifications using single molecule nanopore sequencing

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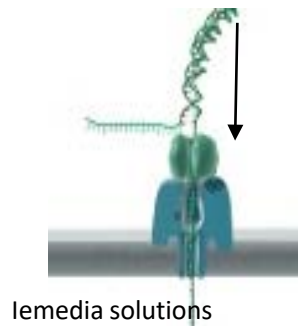
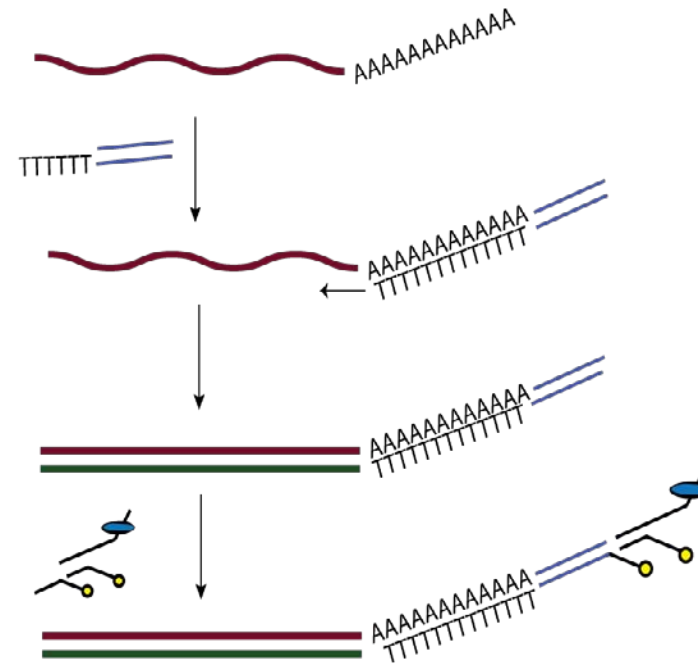
Native RNA sequencing opens new frontiers for long read RNA-seq analysis

PolyA+ RNA captured

Splint poly-T adapter ligation

Reverse transcription
(optional)

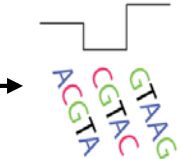
Sequencing adapter ligation



Raw Current Signal



Current Signal



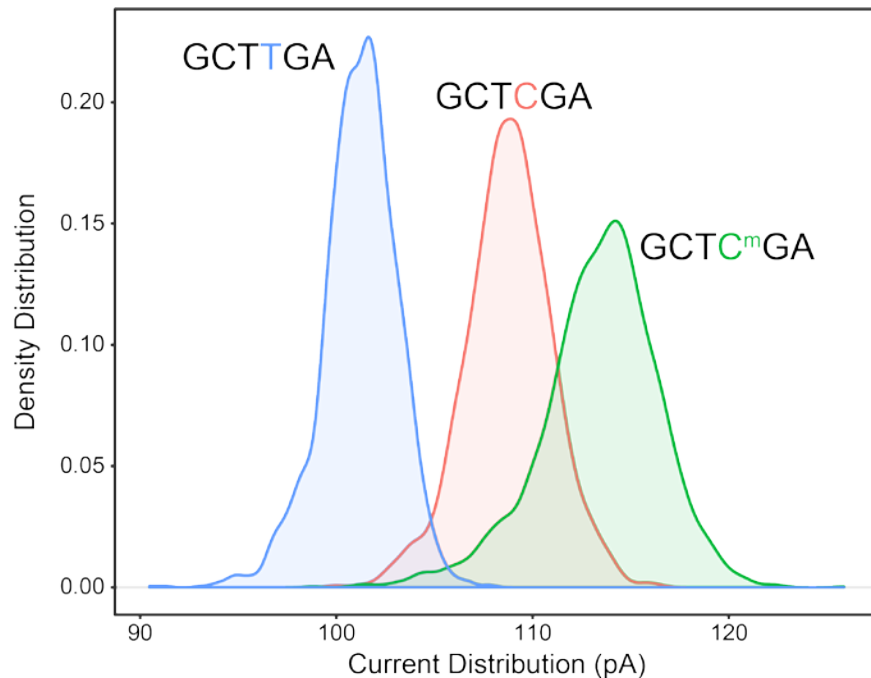
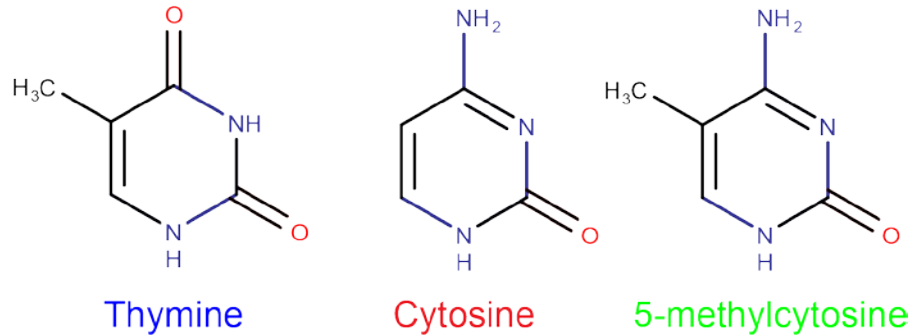
K-mers



Sequence

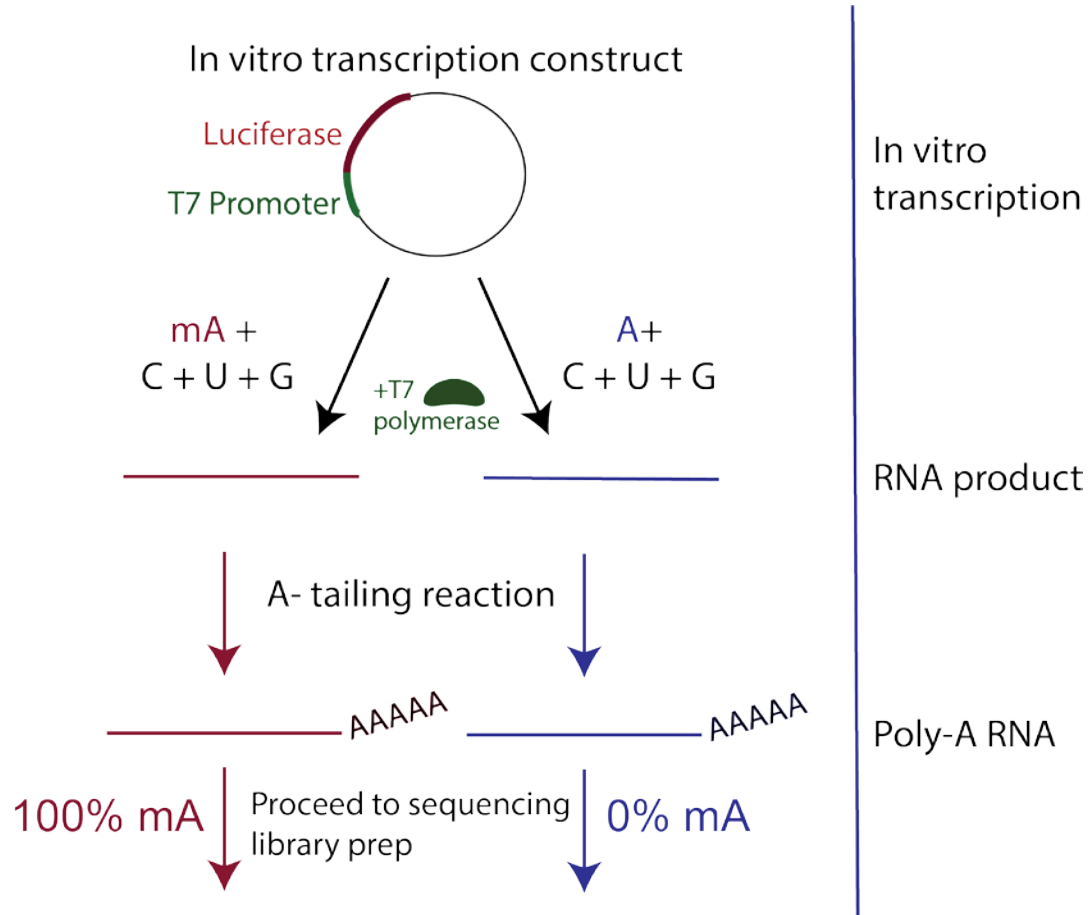


Nanopore current is affected by modifications



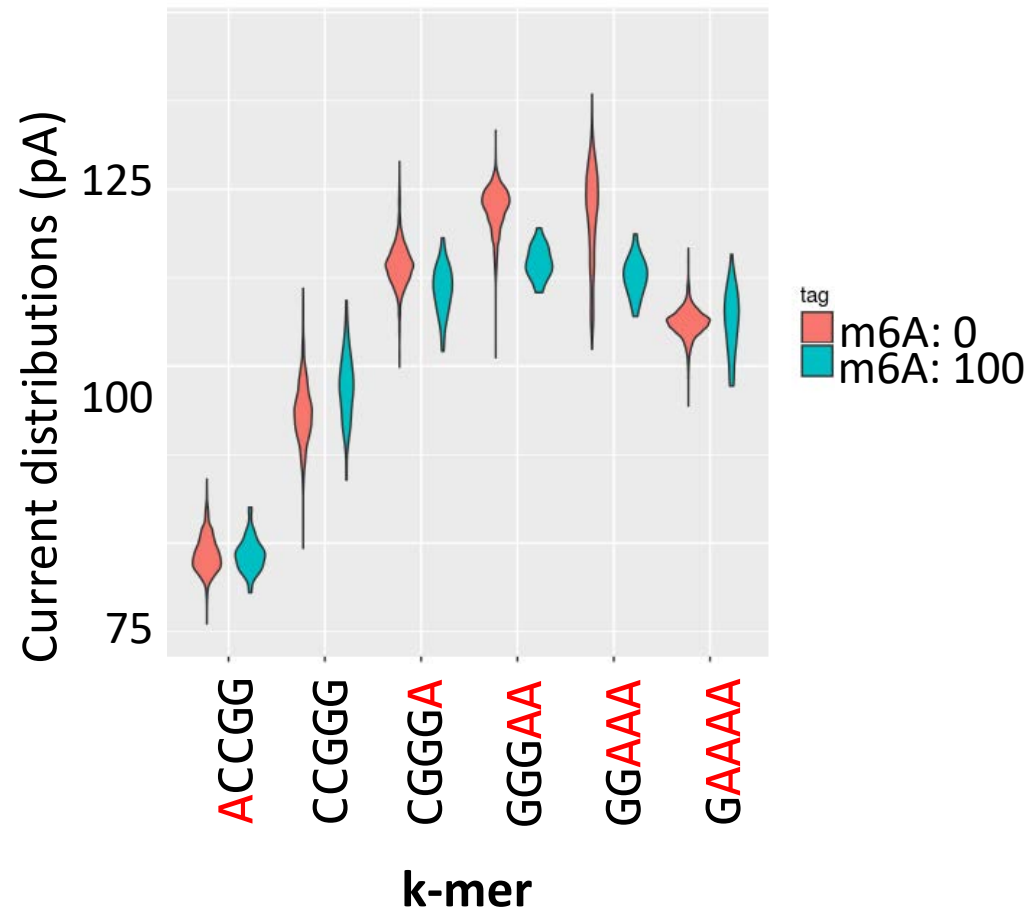
- 5mC detected and modeled in DNA
- Current shifts occur when a non-canonical nucleotide traverses the pore, as we know from DNA studies
- These shifts can be modeled and used to call modifications

Training RNA basecaller to recognize modified sites requires truth sets: modIVT



- IVT based RNA synthesis allows incorporation of labeled nucleotides
- All or none reaction right now, T7 has a strong preference for the unmodified nucleotides, making mixtures hard

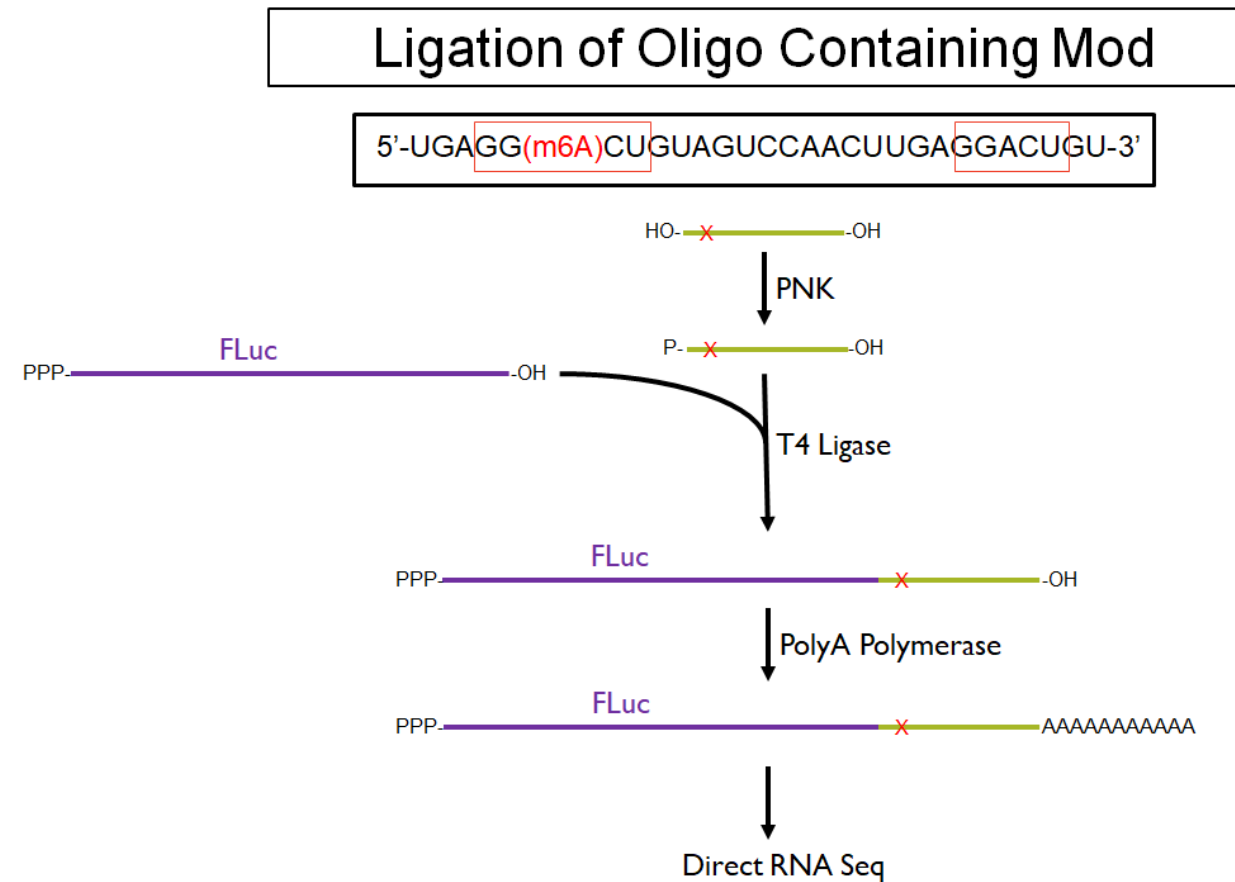
Training RNA basecaller to recognize modified sites requires truth sets: **modIVT**



- From luciferase we can already see strong signal depending on context
- Using nanopolish eventalign, we can extract the distribution of current values along the RNA strand

Training RNA basecaller to recognize modified sites requires truth sets: oligo ligation

- Short oligo (easier/cheaper to synthesize) ligated to handle (to give needed length for sequencing)
- Oligo containing modified and unmodified METTL3 motif

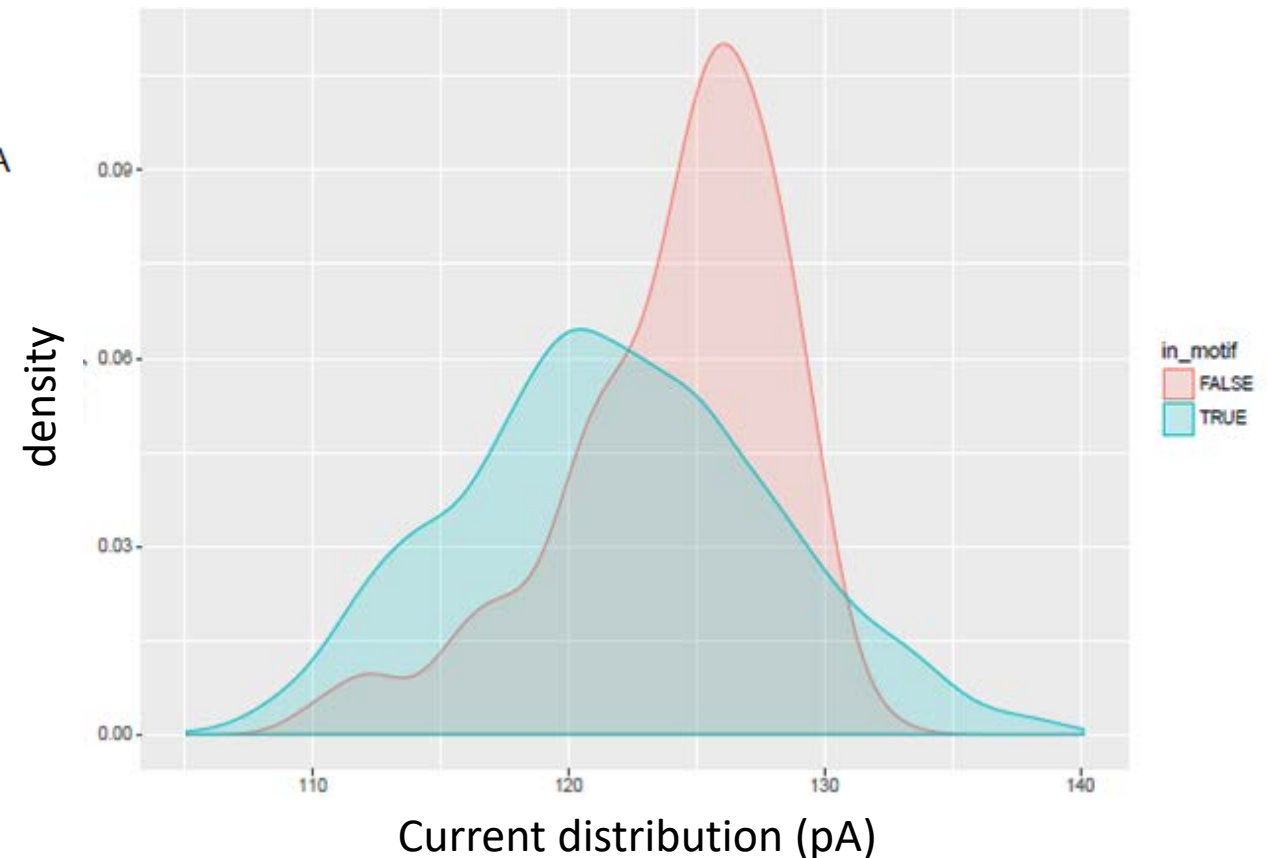


Training RNA basecaller to recognize modified sites requires truth sets: **oligo ligation**

~250 reads:

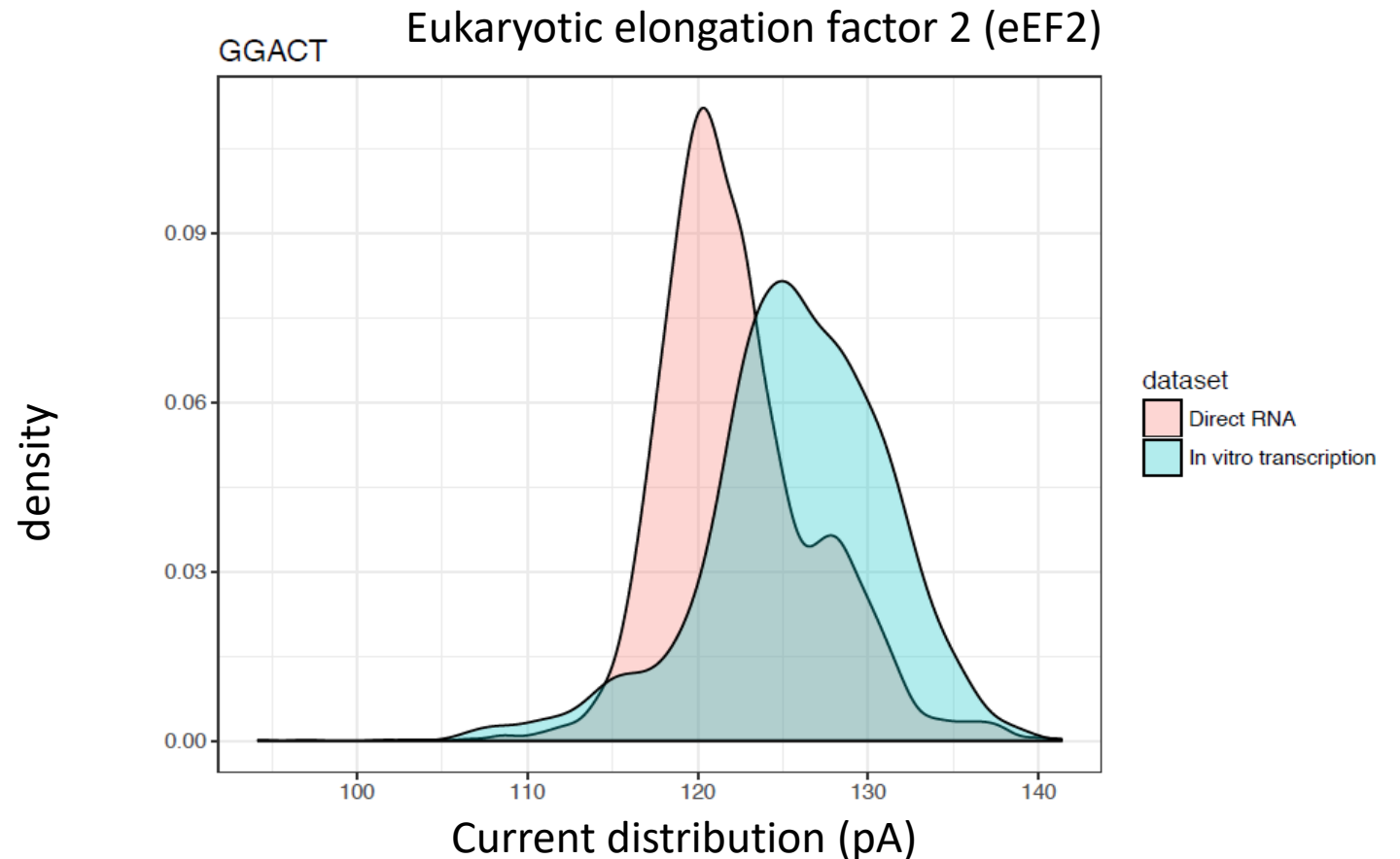


- Similar current distribution shift observed in modification-containing kmers



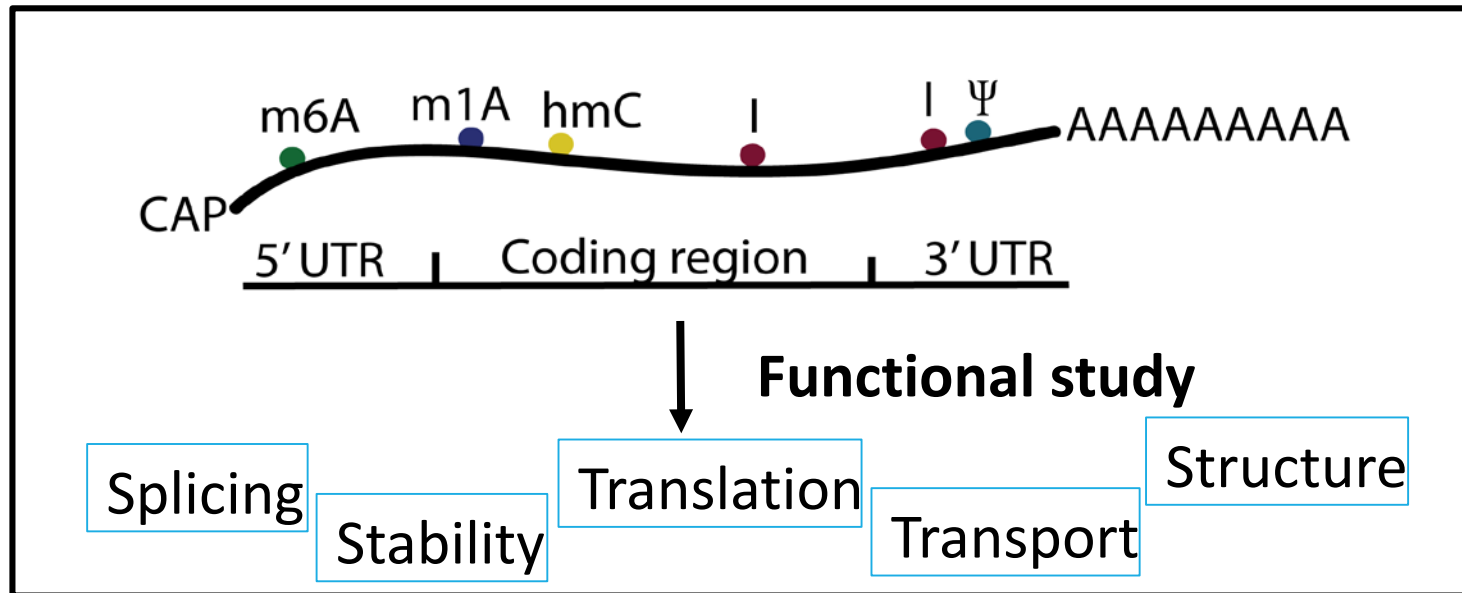
Independently identified m6A peaks in GM12878 reveal hints of mod signature

- Direct RNA data shown is publically available!
<https://github.com/nanopore-wgs-consortium/NA12878/blob/master/RNA.md>
- Shift in current distribution at peak site in Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 (eEF2)



Future directions for RNA modification detection

- Global m6A calling
- Simultaneous detection of multiple mods
- Investigation of relationship between modifications, splice variation and poly-A tail lengths



Acknowledgements



Birmingham
Nick Loman
Josh Quick
Andrew Beggs
Jaqueline Goes de Jesus

Nottingham
Matt Loose
Nadine Holmes
Matthew Carlile

Santa Cruz
Mark Akeson
Hugh Olsen
Benedict Paten
Angela Brooks
Miten Jain

British Columbia
Terry Snutch
John Tyson

Toronto (OICR)
Jared Simpson
Phil Zuzarte
Paul Tang

Johns Hopkins
Winston Timp
Timothy Gilpatrick
Norah Sadowski



ONT

Daniel Garalde
Daniel Jachimowicz
Andy Heron
Rosemary Dokos